Package: qtlc (via r-universe)

October 22, 2024

Type Package

Title Densitometric Analysis of Thin-Layer Chromatography Plates

Version 1.0

Date 2016-01-03

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Description Densitometric evaluation of the photo-archived quantitative thin-layer chromatography (TLC) plates.

Depends tiff, rgl, plot3D, graphics, grDevices, stats, utils

License GPL-2

RoxygenNote 5.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

Date/Publication 2016-01-04 17:46:53

Repository https://ivanp84.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/cran/qtlc

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha f5a98df8a0f7e3fa59347b5da715566d1ece8c14

Contents

areadens2D 2
areadensnoisecompare2D 3
createTLC 4
matrices2D 5
matrixtoimage 6
noisepoly2D 7
normalize2D 8
picmatrixTIFF 8
print.qtlc 9
print.summary.qtlc 10
Rf 11

rotatev 12
s3D 12
select2D 13
showRf 14
showtlc2D 15
showtlc2D.qtlc 15
showtlc3D 16
spot2D 17
summary.qtlc 18
summat2D 19

Index **21**

`areadens2D` *Area vs. x-axis*

Description

Function charts density plot of a single spot following x-axis.

Usage

```
areadens2D(object, spot = NULL, plot = TRUE, returndf = TRUE,
  ptype = "o", ...)
```

Arguments

`object`	S3 object of working TLC
`spot`	Number of the spot (counted left to right).
`plot`	Boolean, TRUE default and displays densitometric distribution.
`returndf`	Boolean, TRUE by default, returns `data.frame` with `x` and `Area` values.
`ptype`	Point type for the plot. Default "o" (Uses same values as `type` variable from `plot` function)
`...`	Additional parameters (for `plot` type function).

Value

Returns `data.frame` with `x` and `Area` values.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
# A test example
fname01 <- system.file("extdata", "test025to100sp.tiff", package="qtlc")
testTLC <- createTLC(fname01, RGB=FALSE)
print(testTLC)

# now we'll imitate interactive spot2D function,
# and create spots coordinates automatically,
# for interactive version run testTLC <- spot2D(testTLC)
testTLC$spots$x <- c(40.93354, 83.18687, 121.59899, 160.01111, 203.54485,
                     239.39616, 280.36909, 320.06161, 362.31494, 399.44666,
                     439.13919, 480.11211, 518.52423, 559.49716, 599.18969)
testTLC$spots$y <- c(198.3160, 198.3160, 199.2833, 198.3160, 198.3160,
                     198.3160, 198.3160, 198.3160, 197.3487, 198.3160,
                     199.2833, 198.3160, 199.2833, 199.2833, 199.2833)

testTLC <- select2D(testTLC, 30, 30)
testTLC <- matrices2D(testTLC)
testTLC <- summat2D(testTLC)

# and now test the areadens2D for each spot
par(mfrow=c(3,3))
for(i in 1:15) {
areadens2D(testTLC, spot=i, ptype="l")
}
```

`areadensnoisecompare2D` *Shows areadens2D plus background noise as segmented line*

Description

Plots area-denses of the spot and background.

Usage

```
areadensnoisecompare2D(object, spot = NULL, plot = TRUE, returndf = TRUE,
  ptype = "o", ...)
```

Arguments

`object`	S3 object of working TLC
`spot`	Number of the spot (counted left to right).
`plot`	Boolean, TRUE default and displays densitometric distribution.
`returndf`	Boolean, TRUE by default, returns `data.frame` with `x` and `Area` values.
`ptype`	Point type for the plot. Default "o" (Uses same values as `type` variable from `plot` function)
`...`	Additional parameters (for `plot` type function).

Value

Returns `data.frame` with `x` and `Area` values.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
#see areadens2D first
areadensnoisecompare2D(object, spot=3, ptype="l")

## End(Not run)
```

`createTLC` *Creates TLC S3 object*

Description

Create matrix from TLC image

Usage

```
createTLC(ttiff, turnv = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

`ttiff`	File name of the TIFF image with scanned TLC plate.
`turnv`	Boolean value determines to turn vertically data in the matrix. TRUE generates turned image which is useful for Cartesian coordinates, because without turning the coordinate system begins in the left corner of the monithor and rises left and down.
`...`	Additional parameters for TIFF image manipulation.

Value

An object of class `qtlc`, that contains TLC matrix and descriptions. The object contains:

`file_name`	File name of of the TIFF image from which the TLC matrix was created.
`mat`	TLC matrix (or matrices if intensities Red, Green and Blue channels are not combined.)
`spots`	Coordinates of marked spots (using function `spot2D`).

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
#Creates test matrix.
# RGB channels stay separated, or
# intensities are combined.
fname01 <- system.file("extdata", "testTIFF.tiff", package="qtlc")
testTLC <- createTLC(fname01, RGB=TRUE)
print(testTLC)
```

`matrices2D` *Creates spots matrices*

Description

Using spots locations and areas this function creates a matrix for each spot.

Usage

```
matrices2D(object, ...)
```

Arguments

`object`	S3 object of working TLC
`...`	Additional graphical parameters. (At this time just experimental)

Value

Returns S3 object with new variable `object$spot_matrices` which is a three dimensional matrix (width, height, and pixel intensity values).

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
#just makes spot matrices for selected spots of the object
object <- matrices2D(object)

## End(Not run)
```

`matrixtoimage` *Converts matrix back to image*

Description

Using S3 qtlc object, extracts the matrix and converts to image plot.

Usage

```
matrixtoimage(object, show = TRUE, bkg = "thistle", axes = FALSE,
  xlab = "", ylab = "", ...)
```

Arguments

`object`	S3 object of working TLC.
`show`	Boolean, default TRUE. Shows the plot of the image.
`bkg`	If `show` is TRUE, then defines background color. Default is "thistle".
`axes`	Boolean, default FALSE. Shows x,y axes if TRUE.
`xlab`	Label of the x-axis.
`ylab`	Label of the y-axis.
`...`	Additional graphical parameters.

Value

Returns image as matrix suitable for `plot`, or other graphics functinos.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
# Converts test image to matrix,
# then matrix back to image.
fname01 <- system.file("extdata", "testTIFF.tiff", package="qtlc")
testTLC <- createTLC(fname01, RGB=FALSE)
print(testTLC)
matrixtoimage(testTLC, bkg="white")
```

noisepoly2D *Polynomial estimation of the image noise.*

Description

Estimation, and noise removal using polynomial model.

Usage

```
noisepoly2D(object, gd = 20, power = 5, col = "green")
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC
gd	Defines position of the center of the rectangular samples of the image background (above or bellow located spots).
power	Order of the polynome.
col	Color of the borders of the rectangles for bkg samples.

Value

Returns S3 object with new variables.

`object$noise_mat`
: The 3D matrix (width, height, number of spots)

`object$noise_fit`
: Linear model for the polynomial fit

`object$noisefit_spot_sums`
: Sums of the noise samples areas

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
#object is a tlc with 14 spots, and selection 50x80(wxh)
object <- noisepoly2D(object, gd=80, power=13)

## End(Not run)
```

normalize2D *Normalization of the matrix values*

Description

Experimental function. Normalize matrix data.

Usage

```
normalize2D(mat)
```

Arguments

mat	Matrix of the TLC plate.

Value

Normalized matrix.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
new_mat <- normalize2D(mat)

## End(Not run)
```

picmatrixTIFF *Converting TIFF to matrix.*

Description

Mostly internal function used by createTLC function. Additional parameters from createTLC goes there (RGB, comb).

Usage

```
picmatrixTIFF(ff, RGB = TRUE, comb = c(0.3, 0.59, 0.11))
```

Arguments

ff	TIFF file
RGB	Boolean, TRUE - keeps Red, Green and Blue intensities as three matrices. FALSE - using comb to combine intensities.
comb	Vector, combines intensities according to luma. A vector containing three values for R, G and B conversion.

Value

Returns combined intensities matrix, or separated R, G, B matrices.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Internal function used by createTLC(...)

## End(Not run)
```

---

print.qtlc *Print Method for* qtlc *object*

Description

Redefined print method.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'qtlc'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	S3 object of the working TLC.
...	Additional parameters for the print method

Value

Prints qtlc S3 object details

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
print(object)

## End(Not run)
```

`print.summary.qtlc` *Summary method for* `qtlc` *S3 object*

Description

Summary method for `qtlc` S3 object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.qtlc'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x`	S3 object of the working TLC.
`...`	Additional parameters.

Value

Summary.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
summary(object)

## End(Not run)
```

`Rf` *Retention factor (Rf)*

Description

Calculates Rf values of the spots based on the marked start and stop of the solvent path.

Usage

```
Rf(object, sf = F)
```

Arguments

`object`	S3 object of the working TLC
`sf`	Boolean, default FALSE - Start and Front should be marked. If TRUE, Start and Front were defined.

Value

Returns S3 object with new variables.

`object$Rf_start`
: Location of the solvent start on the TLC plate

`object$Rf_front`
: Location of the solvent end on the TLC plate

`object$Rf`
: Rf values of the spots

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
#for more interactive variant; locate using mouse
object <- Rf(object, sf=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

rotatev *Rotate vertically*

Description

Rotate entire matrix vertically. Mostly internal function.

Usage

```
rotatev(mat)
```

Arguments

mat	The matrix.

Value

Rotated matrix.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
new_mat <- rotatev(mat)

## End(Not run)
```

s3D *Internal function used by showtlc3D*

Description

Internal function used by showtlc3D

Usage

```
s3D(mat, ogl, grey, ...)
```

Arguments

mat	Matrix with x,y,Intensity dimensions
ogl	If TLC 3D plot use OpenGL library for fast and interactive 3D plot. (This functionality is based on the rgl package.) Otherwise the function is based on the plot3D package.
grey	Boolean, if TRUE, then tlc is greyscaled. Default value is FALSE.
...	Additional graphics parameters.

Value

None.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Internal function.

## End(Not run)
```

---

select2D *Selects spots areas*

Description

Based on the located spots centers (manualy with mouse and function spot2D) this function defines spots areas.

Usage

```
select2D(object, w, h, col = "white")
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC.
w	Width of the spot area.
h	Height of the spot area.
col	Color of the border (default white)

Value

Return S3 object with new variable object$mat_cell which is list with "w" and "h" values.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
select2D(object, 80, 50)

## End(Not run)
```

---

showRf *Shows Rf on the plot*

Description

Shows prior analysed Rf on the new plot of the 2D matrix.

Usage

```
showRf(object, col = "green", adjust = NULL, cex = 0.6)
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC
col	Color of the lines.
adjust	Adjustment for the space of the text. Default value is usualy just OK.
cex	A zoom factor for the text.

Value

None.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
showRf(object)

## End(Not run)
```

showtlc2D *Show TLC matrix as 2D plot*

Description

Using TLC matrix width, height, and intensity parameters this function plot 2D heatmap of the TLC matrix.

Usage

```
showtlc2D(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC
...	Additional parameters

Value

None

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
showtlc2D(object)

## End(Not run)
```

showtlc2D.qtlc *Show TLC matrix as 2D plot*

Description

Using TLC matrix width, height, and intensity parameters this function plot 2D heatmap of the TLC matrix.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'qtlc'
showtlc2D(object, specific = NULL, RGB = "", main = "",
  correction = TRUE, grey = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC
specific	Matrix of the specific spot (from object$spot_matrices)
RGB	RGB matrices (if they are present in the object) are separated on the plot. Values of the RGB = "R", or "G", or "B".
main	Main title of the plot.
correction	Experimental option, currently not in use.
grey	Boolean, if TRUE, then TLC plate is greyscaled. Default value is FALSE.
...	Additional graphical parameters

Value

None

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
showtlc2D(object, specific=object$spot_matrices[3], grey=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

showtlc3D *Shows 3D plot of the TLC matrix.*

Description

The function uses TLC matrix width, height and intensity values to make 3D plot.

Usage

```
showtlc3D(object, spot = NULL, ogl = FALSE, RGB = NULL, grey = FALSE,
  ...)
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC.
spot	If the specific spot should be represented in 3D, but not entire TLC matrix. (Spot number is given as value, and spots are counted from left to right.)
ogl	If TLC 3D plot use OpenGL library for fast and interactive 3D plot. (This functionality is based on the rgl package.) Otherwise the function is based on the plot3D package.

RGB	If RGB matrices are present in the object, choose between R, G, or B.
grey	Boolean, if TRUE, then tlc is greyscaled. Default value is FALSE.
...	Additional graphics parameters.

Value

None.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
# Tests 3D plot of the entire matrix
fname01 <- system.file("extdata", "test025to100sp.tiff", package="qtlc")
testTLC <- createTLC(fname01, RGB=FALSE)

# now we'll imitate interactive spot2D function,
# and create spots coordinates automatically,
# for interactive version run testTLC <- spot2D(testTLC)
testTLC$spots$x <- c(40.93354, 83.18687, 121.59899, 160.01111, 203.54485,
                     239.39616, 280.36909, 320.06161, 362.31494, 399.44666,
                     439.13919, 480.11211, 518.52423, 559.49716, 599.18969)
testTLC$spots$y <- c(198.3160, 198.3160, 199.2833, 198.3160, 198.3160,
                     198.3160, 198.3160, 198.3160, 197.3487, 198.3160,
                     199.2833, 198.3160, 199.2833, 199.2833, 199.2833)

testTLC <- select2D(testTLC, 30, 30)
testTLC <- matrices2D(testTLC)
testTLC <- summat2D(testTLC)

# 3D without OpenGL, shows only spot 13
showtlc3D(testTLC, spot=13, ogl=FALSE, grey=FALSE)
# without openGL and greyscaled
showtlc3D(testTLC, spot=13, ogl=FALSE, grey=TRUE)
#openGL showtime
showtlc3D(testTLC, spot=13, ogl=TRUE)
```

---

spot2D *Locate spots manually.*

Description

The function should be used after 2D TLC matrix was plotted. After function call, the user should manually locate centers of the spots using mouse. (Left click for locate, right for the end of the process.)

Usage

```
spot2D(object, col = "white", ...)
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC.
col	Color of the spot locator (default is white)
...	Additional parameters.

Value

S3 object with 'object$spots' added.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
print(object)
object <- spot2D(object)

## End(Not run)
```

---

summary.qtlc *Summary method for* qtlc *S3 object*

Description

Summary method for qtlc S3 object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'qtlc'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of the working TLC.
...	Additional parameters for the summary method

Value

Summary.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
## Not run:
summary(object)

## End(Not run)
```

---

summat2D *Summarize matrices*

Description

The function summarize matrices areas of the located spot matrices.

Usage

```
summat2D(object)
```

Arguments

object	S3 object of working TLC

Value

Returns S3 object with new values object$spot_sums.

Author(s)

Ivan D. Pavicevic, <ivanp84@gmail.com>

Examples

```
# This interactive example shows the most
# common usage of the qtlc library.
fname01 <- system.file("extdata", "test025to100sp.tiff", package="qtlc")
testTLC <- createTLC(fname01, RGB=FALSE)
print(testTLC)

# now using mouse select the spots with testTLC <- spot2D(testTLC)
# but, for automatic tests, we'll imitate that step...
testTLC$spots$x <- c(40.93354, 83.18687, 121.59899, 160.01111, 203.54485,
                     239.39616, 280.36909, 320.06161, 362.31494, 399.44666,
                     439.13919, 480.11211, 518.52423, 559.49716, 599.18969)
testTLC$spots$y <- c(198.3160, 198.3160, 199.2833, 198.3160, 198.3160,
                     198.3160, 198.3160, 198.3160, 197.3487, 198.3160,
```

```
                    199.2833, 198.3160, 199.2833, 199.2833, 199.2833)

# and now the select2D selects 30x30 pixels areas around spots
testTLC <- select2D(testTLC, 30, 30)

# forming spots matrices
testTLC <- matrices2D(testTLC)

# and finaly sumarizing spots areas
testTLC <- summat2D(testTLC)

#eventually we'll examine the linear model
C <- rep(c(0.25, 1, 6.25, 25, 100), each=3) #imaginative concentrations
#now creates data frame with values
testTLC.df <- data.frame(C, testTLC$spot_sums)
names(testTLC.df) <- c("Concentration", "Signal")
# now the linear model
testTLC.lm <- with(testTLC.df, lm(Signal ~ Concentration))
# and finaly the plot
plot(testTLC.df)
abline(testTLC.lm)
summary(testTLC.lm)
```

Index

∗ **array**
createTLC, 4
∗ **device**
createTLC, 4

areadens2D, 2
areadensnoisecompare2D, 3

createTLC, 4

matrices2D, 5
matrixtoimage, 6

noisepoly2D, 7
normalize2D, 8

picmatrixTIFF, 8
print.qtlc, 9
print.summary.qtlc, 10

Rf, 11
rotatev, 12

s3D, 12
select2D, 13
showRf, 14
showtlc2D, 15
showtlc2D.qtlc, 15
showtlc3D, 16
spot2D, 17
summary.qtlc, 18
summat2D, 19